

and Italian satellites; they will read our standards of the Declaration of the rights of man, and a blaze of light will make them come over to our ranks, to combat by our sides against their own tyrants. Doubt it not, a general crisis is preparing in Europe is but a feeble and ignominious preparation in Europe and will be a preparation against the Kings; soon, very soon the wide extended scene will exhibit to posterity the most memorable and astonishing event which was ever known or read of in the remotest annals of mankind.

CARRA.

BOSTON, June 2. Legislature of Massachusetts.

- County of Suffolk: Hon. William Heath, William Phillips, Cotton Tates, Stephen Merrill, Thomas Dawes, Benj. Austin, jun. Esq'r. County of Middlesex: Hon. Ebenezer Bridge, Ebenezer Brooks, Joseph Holmer, J. B. Varnum, John Brooks, Esq'r. County of Essex: Hon. Samuel Holton, Amos Orne, Samuel Phillips, Stephen Christie, Tristram Deagan, Theop. Bradbury, Esq'r. County of Hampshire: Hon. John Hastings, Samuel Lyman, Samuel Fowler, David Sexton, Esq'r. County of Plymouth: Hon. Daniel Howard, Joshua Thomas, Isaac Thompson. County of Barnstable: Hon. Solomon Freeman, Esq. County of Bristol: Hon. Thomas Dorset, Walter Spooner, Eliza May, Esq'r. Duke's County & Newcastle: Hon. Peleg Coffin, jun. Esq. County of York: Hon. Edward Catts, Nathaniel Wells, Esq'r. County of Cumberland: Hon. David Mitchell, Esq. County of Worcester: Hon. Moses Gill, Abel Wilder, Samuel Baker, Jonathan Warner, Timothy Newell, Esq. Counties of Lunenburg, Hancock & Washington: Hon. Alexander Southwick, Esq. County of Berkshire: Hon. Thompson J. Skinner, Elijah Daught, Esq'r. The names marked with a \* were not of the Senate the last year. By the returns from the several towns in the State, as made the 24th ult. the following Gentlemen were chosen to represent them the ensuing year: County of Suffolk: William Tabor, Esq. Samuel Brock, Esq. Charles Jarvis, Esq. Jonathan Mason, Esq. John C. Jones, Esq. Jonathan Mason, jun. Esq. Dr. William Easton, Esq. Anthony, Thomas Clark, Esq. Dorchester: Benjamin Hilborn, Esq. Milford: Seth Sumner, Esq. Brewster: Col. Samuel Bals, Higham: Col. Charles Cushing, Brookline: Dr. William Alpinwall, Medford & Dover: Mr. Oliver Allis, Saugbourn: Col. Frederick Pope, Sharon: Mr. Joseph Hewins, Walpole: Seth Ballard, Esq. Wrentham: Mr. John Whiting, Franklin: Mr. Hezekiah Fifter. County of Essex: Salem: Mr. Ebenezer Beckford, Capt. John Saunders, jun. Newbury-Port: Jona. Greaves, Esq. Theop. Parsons, Esq. Mr. Jonathan Mason, Ipswich: John Manning, Esq. Newbury: Mr. Nathaniel Emery, Andover: Capt. Peter Olgood, jun. Beverly: Larkin Torndike, Esq. Danvers: Israel Hutchinson, Esq. Haverhill: Samuel Bridge, Esq. Cape Francis: Capt. Francis Carr, Lynn & Lynnfield: Mr. Ezra Collins, Rowley: Capt. Thomas Mitchell, Salisbury: Major Joseph Page, Alford: Christopher Sargent, Esq. Berford: Mr. Thomas Peetley, jun. Andover: Capt. John Davis, Westbury: Major Billy Porter.

- County of Middlesex: Charles Brown, Capt. Thomas Harris, Cambridge: Ebenezer Bradford, Esq. Waterbury: Col. Amos Bond, Westbury: Mr. Abner Sanderson, Wilbur: Mr. Abraham Biglow, East-Sudbury: Joseph Curtis, Esq. West-Sudbury: William Rice Esq. Malbury: Col. Edward Barnes, Framingham: Capt. Jonathan Maynard, Malden: Capt. Isaac Smith, Medford: Mr. Charles Hall, Woburn: Capt. Timothy Wynn, Woburn: Mr. Joseph Simonds, Lexington: Duncan Ingraham, Esq. Concord: Dr. Benjamin Upton, Reading: Edward Farmer, Esq. Chelmsford: Major John Minor, Sherborn: David Whitney, Hopkinton: Mr. Ebenezer Claflin, Hallowell: Deacon Moses Hill, Stow & Barrow: Dr. Charles Whitman, Groton: Mr. Aaron Brown, Athol & Carlisle: Mr. Jonas Brooks, Pepperell: Joseph Vernal, Esq. Dracut: Parker Haum, Esq. County of Hampshire: Longmeadow: Mr. James Colton, Hadley: Mr. Charles Phelps, Belchertown: Mr. John Dought, Westfield & Orange: John Goldbury, Esq. Northampton: Samuel Heatham, Esq. Westfield: John Phelps, Esq. W. Springfield: Justin Ely, Esq. Greenfield: Mr. James Hamilton, Mr. Thomas Furbank. County of Plymouth: Plymout: Thomas Davis Esq. Kingsf. Ebenezer Waterbur. Mayfield: Mr. Joseph Bryant, Scituate: Israel Vinal, Esq. Pembroke: John Turner, jun. Bridgewater: Dr. Simon Danbar, Middleboro: James Sprout, Esq. Haverhill: John Carter, Canton: Col. Seth Cushing, Center: Francis Shurtleiff, Esq. Roshier: Col. Ebenezer White, Esq. County of Bristol: Tuxton: Hon. David Cobb, Esq. Roshier: Major Frederick Drown, Antelope: Eliza May, Esq. Southwick: Christopher Malon, Esq. Southwick: Col. Jeremiah Bowers, Freedom: Mr. Ephraim Willow, Dighton: Mr. Thomas Sargent, Easton: Col. Abel Mitchell, Raynham: Josiah Smith, Esq. Barre: Samuel Tether, Esq. Dartmouth: Holder Steben, Esq. N. Bedford: Walter Spooner, Esq. Westport: Capt. Silvanus Brewnell. County of Barnstable: Barnstable: E. Crocker, Esq. Yarmouth: David Thatcher, Esq. Eastham: Elijah Knowles, Esq. Westport: Capt. Michael Collins. County of Newcastle: Shrewsbury: Mr. Mirajah Coffin, Mr. Alexander Gardiner. County of Worcester: Leicester: Col. Thomas Denny, Lancaster: Capt. Ebeneser Carter, Leamington: Henry Nicholas, Esq. W. Hampton: Mr. Josiah Puffer, Brookfield: Dwight Foster, Esq. Sutton: Capt. Jonathan Woodbury, Crafton: Col. Luke Drury, Charlton: Salem Town, Esq. Princeton: Moses Gill, Esq. Boylston: Ezra Beaman, Esq. Templeton: Capt. Joel Fletcher, Bolton & Berlin: Samuel Baker, Esq. Mendon: Benj. Reed, Esq. Oxford: Nathan Tyler, Esq. Starbridge: Mr. Josiah Walker, Westbury: Mr. Ephraim Brigham, Milford: Capt. Samuel Jones, Northampton: Benj. Jaffley, Esq. Andover: Capt. Joseph Chadock, Athol: Mr. Isaac Willard, Peterborough: Daniel Bigelow, Esq. Barre: Capt. John Black, Hardwick: Martin Kinley, Esq. Sterling: Col. Edward Raymond, Rowland: John Falkender, Esq. Spencer: Mr. James Hathaway, Haverdell: Major Benj. Kimball, Lunenburg: Capt. Josiah Stearns, Fitchburg: Deacon Daniel Putnam, Shrewsbury: Capt. J. Huntington, Dudley: Capt. John Chamberlain, Athol: Mr. Josiah Goddard. County of York: York: Capt. Joseph Tucker, Kittery: Mr. Mark Adams, Andover: Thomas Perkins, Esq. Ferrisburgh: Mr. Richard F. Coits, Ferrisburgh: Simon Frye, Esq. County of Cumberland: Portland: Mr. John Fox, Freeport: Rev. Alfred Johnson. County of Lincoln: Georgetown: Capt. Joseph Parker, Townsend: J. Gardner, Esq.

- W. P. Southwick: Capt. John Bailey, Hallowell: Dr. Daniel Conv. Waltham: Mr. Charles Webber, Woburn: Jacob Ludwig, Esq. Westbury: Capt. John Sanford, Westport & Bedford: Mr. J. Puffer, jun. County of Hancock: Pembroke: Isaac Parker, Esq. County of W. Phillips: Marlborough: Mr. Phineas Bruce. County of Berkshire: Sheffield: Mr. John Hubbard, Lancaster & N. Bedford: Gideon Wheeler, Esq. W. Stark center, Esq. Putnam: Simon Larnard, Esq. Adams: Mr. Reuben Hinman, Sandisfield & Belchertown: J. Pickett, jun. Springfield: Capt. Ezekiel Herrick, Windsor: Mr. Thomas Robinson, jun. Egremont: Ephraim Fitch, Esq. The names prefixed with this \* were not of the House the last year.

THURSDAY, May 26, 1791.

THE REV. JEREMY BELKAP, was chosen by ballot Chaplain of the House for the ensuing year. A petition of Mr. William Warren was read. It stated the circumstances of his commitment for debt under the authority of the United States, and the peculiar hardships with which it was attended—and prayed that relief might be granted him, by an act or resolve being passed explaining the law of the Commonwealth which granted the privilege of imprisonment in the United States, may not be precluded from the liberty of the yard, in such cases as are allowed by the laws of this State. The committee appointed to conat the votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, reported, that His Excellency JOHN HANCOCK, Esq. was chosen Governor, and His Honor SAMUEL ADAMS, Esq. Lieutenant Governor of this Commonwealth. At half past 12 o'clock, His Excellency the Governor appeared in the House (where the Senate had convened), and in a short and pertinent address, informed the two branches of the General Court, that he had been politely informed by their Committee of his having been re-elected to the office of First Magistrate of the Commonwealth; that he was fully sensible of the great honor done him by this first instance of the confidence reposed in him by the citizens thereof; that he experienced the highest satisfaction in contemplating that the welfare and happiness of the Commonwealth had ever been the chief objects of his concern; and that he should not fail of paying that attention to its interests which this repeated instance of confidence demanded. The President of the Senate then administered the oath to His Excellency. Before the President of the Senate administered the oaths to His Honor Samuel Adams, Esq. he addressed the two branches, as follows:— MR. PRESIDENT. BY THE CONSTITUTION of this Commonwealth, powers sufficient for the preservation of the rights and liberties of the people, and the well ordering of civil society, are annually delegated to such persons as these citizens think fit to confide in. Those original rights of men which are deemed to be by the Laws of God & Nature unalienable, are sealed from the controul of civil government, and are left to be exercised by each individual; at his own discretion, without injury to others. It is a constitution, not obtruded by any one man, or any number of men who might combine to gratify their own feelings to the exclusion of all others, but contemplated, deliberated, approved and adopted by the people themselves. You are very sensible, Sir, there are advantages frequently resulting to a free people. It is the express language of this excellent Constitution, and I conceive it to be the clear voice of Nature and Reason, that "all power originally resides in the people; and being derived from them, the several Magistrates and Officers of government, whether Legislative, Executive or Judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them." The people alone have the incontestible right to constitute government, and to reform, alter or totally dissolve the same, when they find their own safety, protection and welfare require it. That "the idea of a man born a Magistrate, Legislator or Judge, is absurd and unnatural." "May it not hence be inferred, that claims to hereditary right, to shares in sovereignty, or to the administration of government, transmissible to children, or relations by blood, are usurpations of the natural rights of men, at totally repugnant to the first principles of our free Constitution. It is further declared, that "the people have a right, at certain periods, to choose their public Officers to return to private life, and to fill up vacant places by regular elections and appointments." And that all decisions upon the people of this territory did solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign & independent body politic, or State. When this year expired, in which I was called to officiate in the office of Lieutenant Governor of this Commonwealth, I freely and voluntarily complied with a rule of the Constitution, wisely calculated, and ever since intended, to secure and perpetuate freedom in this territory, and returned to my own native private situation in the country. A Joint Committee of the two Branches of the General Court, have by their order informed me, that my fellow citizens have thought it proper to elect me to the same office. I am highly honoured by this repeated mark of their confidence. I accept the trust and the honor, before this venerable and freely elected Legislature was convened for the purpose, to take and subscribe, the several oaths and declarations which the

Constitution of this Commonwealth has made prerequisite to my sitting in the office. Having done this I shall use my small endeavor to perform the duties reposed in me, diligently and faithfully, according to the best of my ability and understanding. FRIDAY, May 27. A letter of resignation from the Hon. THOMAS LAWES, of his seat in the Council, was read; in consequence of which the two branches convened and the Hon. THOMAS RUSSELL, Esq. was chosen in his stead. At 9 o'clock, His Excellency the Governor met the two Branches convened, and the Representatives Chamber, and delivered the following SPEECH.

CONCERNING THE STATE, AND THE PUBLIC INTERESTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH. The patriotism of my fellow-citizens, having again called me to the chair, my duty according to the established mode of procedure in this Government, coincides with my inclinations, in requesting your attendance in this place; that I might personally pay respects to you. And I take this opportunity, to express to you, through you, the obligations I feel, in being honored so repeatedly with your suffrages. Their freedom, happiness and interests, are objects which demand my warmest attention, and which I shall pursue with unremitting ardor. My only ambition is, to render myself useful to the State, and thereby to merit, in future seasons, the confidence with which they honor me.

I am very happy to be able to assure you of the prevalence of tranquillity throughout our republic. Industry, peace and good order are continued; and public felicity every where enjoyed. The intercourse of the citizens of the town and country, is continued to their mutual satisfaction and advantage; and we have reason to hope that under a mild, and regular Government, we shall continue to enjoy the inestimable blessings of peace, liberty, and safety.

The multiplication of Civil Government is intended to promote the happiness, and to ensure the safety of the people. To effect the important ends, it is our duty to enact wise Laws, and to make ample provision, for equal, and regular distribution of justice. The citizens of a free State have a right to expect justice, in the most cheap, easy, and expeditious manner; promptly, and without delay conformably to the law. As our Commonwealth increases in numbers, the business of the executive and judicial departments, must proportionally be increased and such provision, from time to time, ought to be made as will prevent the citizens from being wearied in their attendance on Courts of Justice, and being worn out, in pursuing their just claims. The next day is justly considered as the birthday of our liberties, and great care ought to be taken, to support the reputation of it; our Laws are such, as will excite a man from serving more than once in three years in that respectable office; but the Courts of the United States, together with those of our own Government, made in pursuance of the Constitution, which there may be a necessity to revise the Laws made upon this subject, and to shorten the time of exalts in the several courts. As our Government is in the hands of the people, we have the means under their control of directing the course of our business, and it is our duty to guard against any abuse of power, and to see that the public good is promoted, and the rights of the people maintained, in the most judicious and equitable manner. It is the duty of the Legislature, to be careful, that the people, with their own arms, should be able to defend themselves against all invasion of a foreign enemy and to preserve the force and energy of their own government. In order to effect this they should be universally instructed in the use of arms. A well disciplined militia is the bulwark of our country here, and it is our duty to provide for the maintenance of it, in the most judicious and equitable manner. It is our duty to be vigilant, to guard against any invasion of a foreign enemy, and to be careful, to maintain the integrity of our Laws, and to be careful, to see that the public good is promoted, and the rights of the people maintained, in the most judicious and equitable manner.

The attention of the citizens of the Commonwealth to the education of the rising generation affords a most pleasing prospect of the future support of those principles, which are the basis of our rights, and the foundation of our liberties. It is our duty, to see that the minds of our children, are preserved from the influence of such pernicious maxims, as our fellow citizens have fallen in the field.

The useful institutions of learned teachers of Piety, Religion and Morality in the parishes, and of Grammar Schools in the towns of our republic, the larger of which, is a great measure peculiar to the North-west of the Union, are exceedingly well adapted to the support of a republican form of Government. Because the maintenance of such a Government depends altogether upon light and knowledge, being universally disseminated in the body of the people. While our fellow-citizens continue to be able to contemplate, and to understand, the true interests, they will cherish the most important and honorable institutions. Parents there is an ample source to derive the prices of the institutions from all our laudable exertions, will avail us nothing. The University at Cambridge was founded by my wife and patriotic ancestors, for this purpose; for the support of this depends on the other virtuous institutions of the Commonwealth. I am very sorry to be obliged to inform you, that the University has been discontinued, and that the professors have retired immediately made by you, Gentlemen, for its support, the light of our country will be less and less. You will soon have the title of the University laid before you, in such a

maner, as I hope will obviate all doubts respecting the necessity of your aid. And I cannot in justice to the best interest of all my fellow-citizens, in whose name I now address you, refrain from entreating you to give your most attentive and candid attention to it. ConcERNING THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. I will submit to your consideration, whether the late index of specie, does not render the present mode of issuing currency, the most expedient, and the most favorable to the interests of the Commonwealth. It would be a heavy burden on the people, but the interest of our Public Debt is rapidly accumulating, and the creditors to receive something upon their just demands. I have directed the Treasurer to lay before you the state of the Treasury, that our constituents may have the benefit of your wise deliberation upon it. And I flatter myself, that when the state of the Treasury shall be examined, and the resources of the Commonwealth compared with the exigencies of the Government, it will appear proper to discontinue the present mode of issuing currency, and to substitute the mode of raising money for public use as well as the mode of raising money by Lotteries for private purposes, have a manifest tendency to withdraw the people's attention, from industry, and to distract them from their honest gains by chance and accident. They also lay a very unequal tax upon the people at large. The indigent, and embarrassed part of the community, being in such schemes, generally are the greatest sufferers.

On the 26th of June, I returned to leave off the water for a few months, and have begun it about four days, and will continue it till next summer. When I first began the water, I was flexible it produced more, perspiration, and a lax habit: After it had acted three or four months, a very copious discharge came from under my arms, so as frequently to make it necessary to change my linen twice a day; this continued full three months, during which time, I was in perfect health and good spirits, and have the happiness to continue so. I never made any alterations in my living, being now, as I flatter myself, relieved from so horrid a disorder: my constitution is as perfect as ever it was. I hope your friend will try to stop simple and innocuous a remedy, with the same success as I have experienced.

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**WANTED,**  
A QUANTITY OF WHITE and RED OAK  
BARK, for which CASH will be paid, if deli-  
vered soon, and of good quality.  
W. EDWARDS,  
Northampton, June 8, 1791.